

1. 11
2. male
3. 39 years old
4. Baku, Azerbaijan
5. Baku, Azerbaijan
6. Azerbaijan and Germany
7. NGO
8. Lawyer
9. Social network
10. 5-6 times per a year
11. Azerbaijani and Russian speaking

Summary

Part I

Freedom and security. I think that it is important to equally protect rights of people and their security.

I think, municipality should engage in cleaning of the town/city, not the government.

Yes. From the legal perspective, women should have the right of abortion. But, this should be done until some time that the embryo doesn't turn to be human. But, selective abortion should be forbidden.

Since, I am a lawyer, I should tell that according to the international law, Azerbaijan should receive refugees from other countries, if those people are under the danger in their own countries.

Ethnic minorities should have their rights. Constitution in Azerbaijan recognize their rights, but I am not informed how much efficiently implemented in Azerbaijan in practice. In Azerbaijan, national minorities have more rights than ethnic minorities. I don't think that the rights ethnic minorities are forbidden. This is because of their own initiatives.

Cultural and ethnic diversity is positive thing. Naturally, it shouldn't be perceived as a threat. But, of course, if there is a threat, those actions should be stop with legal ways. In general, they have to have all the rights in a society.

I don't agree with this argument. From my point of view, both of these are interconnected with each other. They have to mutually help each other.

Part II

I am a citizen. I have mono identity. First option for me is citizenship.

Religion fundamentally used to have good features. However, since some people mis-uses it, negative sides also emerged later. In general, the idea is good, but not in practice.

If you ask this question to citizens of different countries, then you will get different answers. But, to make it specific, nation is territory. I think that creation of Azerbaijani nation happens because of its territory.

Physical borders are very important so far, I think. As far as some countries approach small countries as a raw-material, the importance of borders will be on the agenda. Even countries in Schengen zone strengthen their check-points and controlling, whenever they encounter any security problem. If we think human-being, we should definitely consider his/her own security, first.

I think, internet and social networks are good things. If the person uses internet for good purposes, then s/he gets more information which helps to improve her/himself.

Restoration of historical borders cannot cause any positive outcome. Only negative...as you mentioned, war and bloodsheds. Because, everybody, every nation has its own reality. And, we don't know that in what circumstances historians has written those books.

Part III

This question is connected with previous one about historical borders. Because, nobody knows who belongs these territories, who gave or sell to whom those areas. For instance, Armenians are so nationalistic people. They cannot even accept to return any piece of land. It shows that they have been taught about history. This hinders them to think in constructive way. That's why, this conflict has not been solved yet. However, Azerbaijan prefers step-by-step.

From my point of view, nations are to blame for the failure of resolution of the conflict. I used to work in people-to-people diplomacy for some period. I was believing it. Later, I realized that no, it is impossible, I couldn't see the perspective of such kind of activities. I think, only economic power can help to settle this conflict. When Azerbaijan get more powerful, then position of Azerbaijan got more powerful as well. We also saw it from April incidents. Nether people-to-people diplomacy nor law can help to solve this conflict. Whenever, I say economic power, I mean turning this economic power to military or peaceful method. Not because that Azerbaijan would be more powerful than Armenia. It is because, Azerbaijan can impact other (outside) countries.

Not today. But, if we think it will happen in the future, I am sure it will be possible.

So far, current leadership of Armenia is the biggest enemy of Azerbaijan. Religion is not such a dangerous threat to us. Russia, West and other countries do not have specific enmity position. They just have only interests.

To answer your question, we need to have historical approach. As I afore-mentioned historical explanation is not effective one. According to the law, - or latest legal status (in USSR), Nagorno-Karabakh belongs to Azerbaijan. But, we approach from ethnic perspective, it belongs to Azerbaijanis and Armenians.

Neither leaders of the countries nor international actors can solve this conflict. If they could, they would do it in last 20 years. Only nations can solve it. Public opinion is very important on this issue. Of course, it is easy to manipulate public opinion. But, if the nation hasn't solved it, it means that they cannot do it.

Aland islands is brought as an example. But, people understood themselves that they have to solve it for their own well-being.