

1. 1.Q
2. male
3. 30 years old
4. Baku Azerbaijan
5. Higher education (Law faculty)
6. No political party affiliation
7. unemployed
8. internet, social media
9. 10.more than a year he is not allowed to leave the country
10. Azerbaijani

## Part I

All concepts are equally essential. However, if one has to choose then it will be political stability in the country. This concept influences on other constituents from the list.

Municipalities should carry responsibility for maintaining cleanliness of streets and public places. To load the government alone with such obligation is not appropriate. This process should be realized in all levels, including involvement of citizens as well.

Abortion should not be legally permitted. It contradicts to human values.

Azerbaijan is not ready to accept migrants. Even putting aside our own IDPs issue the government can not provide appropriate living conditions for average citizen. So, in that case to accept migrants from outside is irrelevant.

Ethnic minorities should have the right to get secondary and higher education in their native language. Although, it is a little bit difficult to organize education in their mother tongues at Universities. But, at least one course on native language should be provided at school for pupils from ethnic groups.

Cultural diversity is positive aspect for any country. Everyone should respect the right of the other to enjoy his or her ethnic and national culture.

I don't agree with the idea that to assist to the government or to the development of state economy is more important than to assist to ordinary people or to the society overall. To talk about assisting to government would be relevant if it is a legitimate government that is effectively functioning. In our case to assist to the government would be to collaborate with the authoritarian regime.

## Part II

I am a nationalist, the one who is willing to struggle for his nation, justice and freedom, though I don't have enough opportunities and strength for that. I am eager to do something for my country and nation. Although, I don't have enough resources at my disposal, the effort has been made to open free education centres in the country. Due to the lack of resources this project is not so widespread, however a few of these centres are functioning.

For me national identity is the most important identification mark of my personality. This is because I am a nationalist. However, one should stipulate that my nationalist identity has nothing to do with the feelings of hatred towards other nations. It is somehow the mechanism of self-defense. Nationalists, to put it figuratively, are the immune system of the country. They can make it possible to improve social and political situations in the country.

At the present moment religion is being used for bad purposes. There are a lot of operating radical Islamist movements. And it causes serious threats for our country. Notwithstanding to these operating radical movements in the country. I may declare that, primarily, we are a secular state.

Nation is a community, members of which share one common language and culture. The first forming component of nation is language.

Borders between states should exist. The absent of borders may trigger chaos among people. Thus, borders should exist but they should be delineated and controlled according to the principle of justice.

Social networks revolutionized our lives. Now we got access to the information about other different communities and nations.

Restoration of historical borders should be conducted according to the territories where our nation used to dwell on. I am not going too far within the historical segment. First of all, the Nagorno-Karabakh problem should be resolved. Afterwards, the basis for the realization of the right to self-determination in the South Azerbaijan should be established. However in the first place, territories occupied by Armenian armed forces, which are our nominal lands should be returned within the state borders of the Republic of Azerbaijan in very nearest future. And this process can not be realized by peaceful means.

### **Part III**

The biggest drawback for the resolution of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict is existing clashes of strategic political economic interests in the region. Especially, Russia has enormous strategic political interest in the region. If this conflict is going to be resolved with respect to the principle of territorial integrity of Azerbaijan, then Russia will confront with threats of emerging a big Turkic government right near its borders. Thus, procrastinating the resolution of conflict and keeping it in smouldering condition are for the benefit of Russia. There is a chance to resolve the conflict only in case of emerging armed conflicts in the region of the North Caucasus. In that case Russia would be distracted from the Nagorno-Karabakh issue.

First of all, the fault is in us. The blame is on our ruling authority. After the escalation of conflict in April the government of Azerbaijan made a big step back during negotiation process. There was the rise of hope among our people and serious and promising decisions could be made.

The only solution of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict is war.

Peaceful coexistence of Arminian and Azeri people in the region after the resolution of the conflict seems to me, at least in the beginning, implausible. So, there will be a need for allocation of peacekeeping mission in the region.

Russia is an archenemy of Azerbaijan. Russia triggered the conflict between Armenia and Azerbaijan.

Undoubtedly, Nagorno-Karabakh belongs to Azerbaijan. It was always like that.

The resolution of the conflict is in our hands. However, the incumbent government is not capable to settle this conflict. Change of government and the overthrow of the authoritarian regime are obligatory.

I can not find any similar sample from world experience of conflict resolution which can be applicable for the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict. The only solution is reducing the hegemony of Russia in the South Caucasus which will be possible in case of igniting the conflicts in the region of the North Caucasus.